

# The Internet in Cuba – bad news; good news

Larry Press

[lpres@csudh.edu](mailto:lpres@csudh.edu)

Blog on the Cuban Internet: <http://laredcubana.blogspot.com/>

These slides have mnemonic images and few words, but they include comments and links to supporting material. The presentation may be downloaded at:

<http://som.csudh.edu/fac/lpress/presentations/statedepartmentpanel.pptx>



This work is licensed under a Creative Commons  
[Attribution-NonCommercial-Share Alike 3.0 License](https://creativecommons.org/licenses/by-nc-sa/3.0/).

# The Cuban Internet in context, 2016

UNDP Human  
Development Index  
LA&C

Chile  
Argentina  
Barbados  
Uruguay  
Bahamas  
Panama  
Antigua and Barbuda  
Trinidad and Tobago  
Costa Rica  
**Cuba**

[Source](#)

Freedom House  
Internet Freedom rank  
65 countries

**Cuba**  
Uzbekistan  
Ethiopia  
Iran  
Syria  
China

[Source](#)

ITU ICT Development  
Index (IDI)  
175 countries.

**Cuban Rank**

IDI: 135  
Access: 167  
Use: 150  
Skills: 57

[Source](#)

[Discussion from 2014 reports](#)

# Freedom House country report for Cuba

## Internet Freedom Scores

### Overall Score



### Obstacles to Access



### Limits on Content



### Violations of User Rights

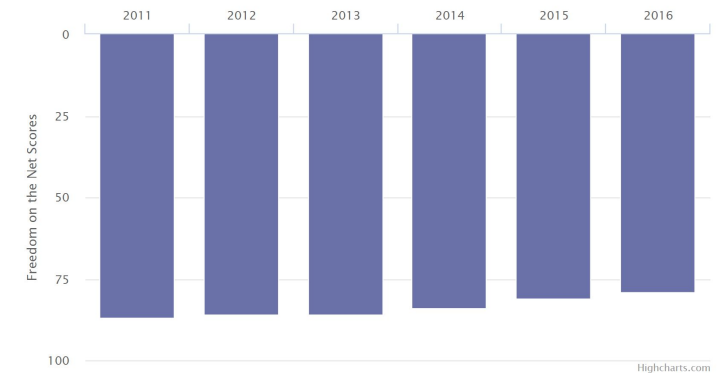


(Freedom on the Net Score:  
0=Most Free, 100=Less Free)

## Quick Facts

Population:	11.4 million
Internet Penetration:	5-31 percent
Social Media/ICT Apps Blocked:	Yes
Political/Social Content Blocked:	Yes
Bloggers/ICT Users Arrested:	Yes
Press Freedom Status:	Not Free

FOTN Score over Time



[Source](#)

# The dictator's dilemma and the special period



*One telex can cost twelve dollars [whereas] the same message costs 75 cents in the form of a fax and 3 cents via the Internet ... in spite of our blockaded circumstances, we are in a relatively good position [to face the challenges of such scientific and technological changes], due to the educational and scientific work developed by the revolution.*

Carlos Lage, Executive Secretary of the Council of Ministers March, 1966



*Glasnost which undermined the USSR and other socialist countries consisted in handing over the mass media, one by one, to the enemies of socialism.*

Raúl Castro, October, 1997

# What is the problem?

**1996:** fear of political and cultural impact and \$\$\$

**Today:** power, greed, bureaucracy and \$\$\$

[Source](#)

So the Cubans are trying to **maintain control**. They're not interested in democracy they're not interested in respecting the rights of people but they realize they have to have a better economic relationship with the US. .... Raúl Castro is like "I am going to open up, but **I am going to open up as little as I can and hold on for as long as I can**"... The Cubans are trying desperately to hold on to control, and they are finding it harder and harder to do.

**Dan Restrepo** was Special Assistant to President Obama and Senior Director for Western Hemisphere Affairs, The White House

[Source](#)

# Hyped, obsolete drops in the bucket

353 WiFi hotspots



[Source](#)

ETECSA home – 358 paid subscribers



[Source](#)

3G mobile trial



[Source](#)

Kcho + Google hotspot



[Source](#)

An opportunity to leapfrog technology

# Disappointment after President Obama's trip to Cuba

- Stripe assistance to entrepreneurs
- CISCO network training at UCI
- Google wireless
- Even tractors will be made in Alabama

[Source](#)





# China (Huawei) won the first infrastructure round



Undersea cable



Basckbone network



Public access



Home Internet



User devices



Huawei office location

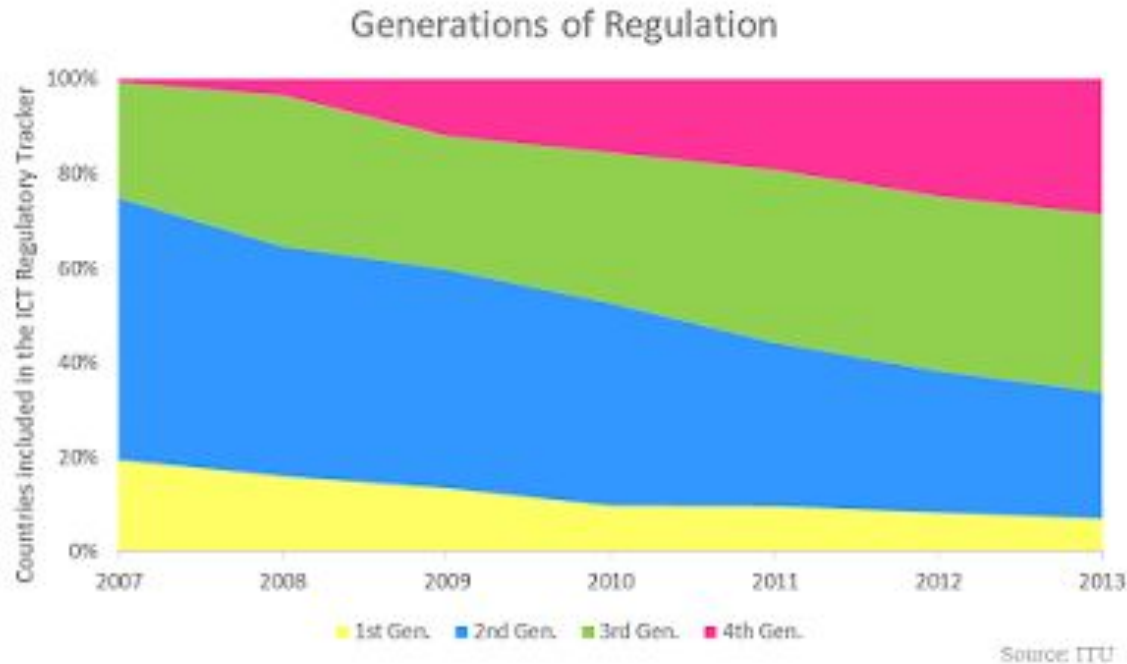


## Other suppliers

- Cisco in the beginning
- Selective enforcement of restrictions by Trump?



# Infrastructure ownership and regulation



[Source](#)

- G1: Regulated public monopolies – command and control approach
- G2: Basic reform – partial liberalization and privatization across the layers
- G3: Enabling investment, innovation and access – dual focus on stimulating competition in service and content delivery, and consumer protection
- G4: Integrated regulation – led by economic and social policy goals

An opportunity to leapfrog policy

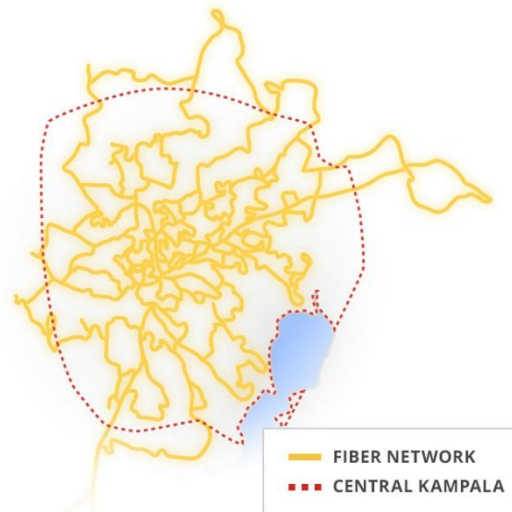
# Roles for both national and local government

Backbone network



[Source](#)

Cities like Havana, [Stockholm](#), Accra or Kampala



[Source](#)

Small towns and villages



[Source](#)

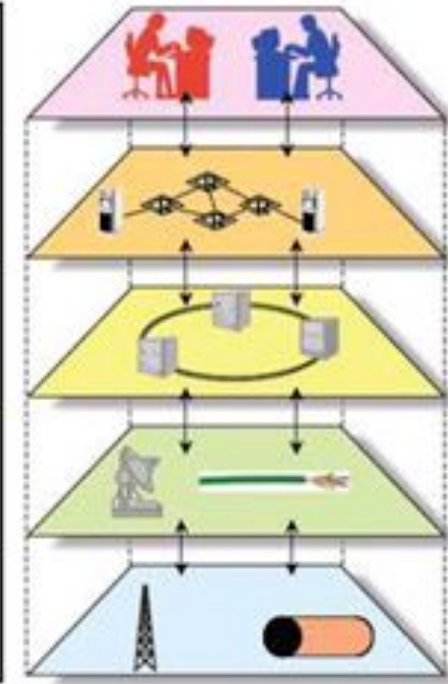
Cuba should look at alternatives from around the world

# Government as wholesaler

Wholesale

Retail competition

Natural resources	use of and access to land, ducts and spectrum
Infrastructure	passive cables and masts
Transmission	equipment for transportation of bit-streams
IP/Internet	equipment for traffic direction and IP addressing
Content and services	content, services and end user equipment



[Source](#)

# Who is running the show?



Owner	Class	Percent
Telefónica Antillana SA	A	51.006
Rafin SA	B	27.003
Universal Trade & Management Corporation SA	B	11.086
Banco Financiero Internacional SA	B	6.157
Negocios en Telecomunicaciones SA	B	3.825
Banco Internacional de Comercio SA	B	0.923
		100

[Source](#)

# Entrepreneurial startup scene

Occupation	Active	Inactive	Total
Button coverer	405	254	659
Clown	625	291	916
Computer programmer	1,432	1,665	3,097

2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
1	8	59	88	140	144	271	514	207

[Source](#)

[Goofy list of self-employment occupations](#)

# Entrepreneurial startup scene





# Miguel Díaz-Canel

- [Next president?](#)
- Internet for all
- for the benefit of all
- must be used legally

## [What he's said and done](#)



"The State will work to make this resource available, accessible and affordable for everyone."

[News coverage of talk](#)

[Full transcript](#)

# The Internet in Cuba – bad news; good news

Larry Press

[lpres@csudh.edu](mailto:lpres@csudh.edu)

Blog on the Cuban Internet: <http://laredcubana.blogspot.com/>

These slides have mnemonic images and few words, but they include comments and links to supporting material. The presentation may be downloaded at:

<http://som.csudh.edu/fac/lpress/presentations/statedepartmentpanel.pptx>



This work is licensed under a Creative Commons  
[Attribution-NonCommercial-Share Alike 3.0 License](https://creativecommons.org/licenses/by-nc-sa/3.0/).